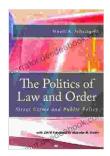
Street Crime and Public Policy: Classics of Law and Society



The Politics of Law and Order: Street Crime and Public Policy (Classics of Law & Society) by Stuart A. Scheingold

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ 5 out of 5 Language : English : 1272 KB File size Text-to-Speech : Enabled Screen Reader : Supported Enhanced typesetting: Enabled Word Wise : Enabled Print length : 256 pages Lending : Enabled

X-Ray for textbooks : Enabled



Street crime, defined as criminal activity that occurs in public spaces, is a pervasive issue in many urban environments. It can take various forms, including robbery, assault, drug dealing, and vandalism. Street crime can have a devastating impact on individuals and communities, leading to physical harm, psychological trauma, and a loss of trust in the criminal justice system.

Public policymakers have long been concerned with addressing street crime. Over the years, a number of different strategies have been implemented, ranging from increased policing to community-based programs. However, there is no single solution to the problem of street

crime, and the effectiveness of any given strategy will vary depending on the specific context.

In order to develop effective public policy responses to street crime, it is essential to understand the complex relationship between crime and society. This requires an interdisciplinary approach that draws on insights from criminology, sociology, urban studies, and other fields.

The following are some of the classic works in law and society that have examined the relationship between street crime and public policy:

- Street Crime and Public Policy by Jerome H. Skolnick (1971)
- The Challenge of Crime in a Free Society by President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Justice (1967)
- Crime in the Streets by Rosalie L. Blum and Jacob Cohen (1961)
- The Ecology of Crime by Armand L. Mauss (1951)
- The Police and the Ghetto by Robert Fogelson (1967)

These works provide a valuable foundation for understanding the complexities of street crime and the challenges of developing effective public policy responses. They offer insights into the social, economic, and political factors that contribute to street crime, as well as the role of law enforcement, social services, and community organizations in addressing the problem.

By drawing on the insights from these classic works, policymakers can develop more effective strategies for preventing and reducing street crime.

These strategies should be evidence-based, targeted to the specific needs of the community, and implemented in a fair and equitable manner.

In addition to classic works, there is a growing body of contemporary research on street crime and public policy. This research is helping to inform policymakers about the most effective strategies for addressing this complex issue.

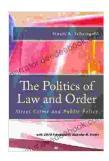
The following are some of the key findings from contemporary research on street crime and public policy:

- Increased policing can be an effective deterrent to street crime, but it is important to ensure that policing is fair and equitable.
- Community-based programs can be effective in reducing street crime by providing youth with positive alternatives to crime, such as education, job training, and mentoring.
- Social and economic factors, such as poverty, unemployment, and lack of opportunity, contribute to street crime. To effectively reduce street crime, it is important to address these underlying factors.
- Public policy should be tailored to the specific needs of the community.
 There is no one-size-fits-all solution to the problem of street crime.

By drawing on the insights from both classic and contemporary research, policymakers can develop more effective strategies for preventing and reducing street crime. These strategies should be evidence-based, targeted to the specific needs of the community, and implemented in a fair and equitable manner.

Street crime is a serious problem that can have a devastating impact on individuals and communities. However, by drawing on the insights from classic and contemporary research, policymakers can develop more effective strategies for preventing and reducing street crime. These strategies should be evidence-based, targeted to the specific needs of the community, and implemented in a fair and equitable manner.

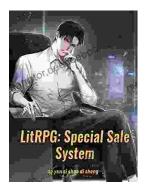
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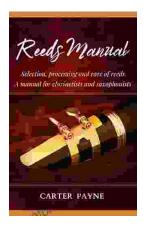
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